

Fluid Compatibility and Resistance Chart for Balflex Textile Braid Hoses

Recommended Reco	mmended with Restrictions	Not Recommended
Acetic Acid	Ethyl Glycol	Oil of Turpentine
Acetic Acid (30%)	Ethyleneoxide	Oleic Acid
Acetone	Fluorine	Oxalic Acid
Acetylene	Formaldehyde	Perchloroethylene •
Ammonia, Gas (Hot)	Formaldehyde 40%	Phenol
Ammonia, Liquid	Fuel Oil	Phosphoric Acid (10%)
Ammoniumchloride	Gaseous Hydrogen	Phosphoric Acid (70%)
Amyl Acetate	Gasoline	Phosphate Ester Base Oil
Aniline	Glycerin / Glycerol	Saturated Steam
Animal Oils	Glycol to 66°C	Sea Water
Benzol / Benzene	Hexane	Silicone Oils
Butane	Hydraulic Oil	Soap Solutions
Butyl Acetate	Hydrochloric Acid 37%	Soda
Butyl Alcohol / Butanol	Hydroger Peroxide (Dil.)	Sodium Chloride Solutions
Calcium Chloride Solutions	Hydroger Peroxide (Conc.)	Sodium Hydroxide 20%
Carbon Dioxide	Isocyanates	Sodium Hypochloryde 10%
Carbon Disulfide	Isopropil Alcohol	Sulphur
Carbonates	Kerosene	Sulphur Dioxide
Caustic Soda	Liquid Oxygen	Sulphuric Acid up to 50%
Chlorinated Solvents	LPG	Sulphuric Acid above 50%
Chlorine	Lubricating Oils	Toluene
Chloroform	Mercury	Trichloroethylene
Citric and Solutions	Methyl Alcohol / Methanol	Vegetable Greases
Compressed Air	Methyl Chloride (Cold)	● Water ●
Cyclohexane	Methyl Ethyl Khetone	Xylene
Crude Petroleum Oil	Mineral Oils	The following data is based on tests
Dioctyl Phthalate	Naphtha	and believed to be reliable; however the
Diesel Fuel	Naphthalene	tabulation should be used as a guide ONL since it does not take into consideration a
Ethers	Natural Gas	variables, such as elevated temperatures
Ethyl Acetate	Nitric Acid (Dil.)	fluid contamination, concentration, etc.
Ethyl Alcohol	Nitric Acid (Conc.)	that may be encountered in actual use. All critical applications should be tested.
Ethyl Chloride	Nitrobenzen	Note: All data based on 20°C/70°F unles